Project Documentation | UMRR Traffic Management Sensor Data Sheet

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2 User Safety Warning Information

Read the instructions carefully before you start to work.

Installation

Please observe the following advices when installing and connecting the sensors:
- Only use provided or approved equipment for installation. Use stainless screws with metric thread M3x8. Screw length must be adapted if the customer uses own brackets.
- Only skilled and instructed persons shall install and connect the devices. Proper experience in working with mains voltage, electrical and electronic devices is required.
- Don't connect the devices directly to mains voltage, instead use the voltage given in the manual.
- Don't wire any connections while power is applied to the device.
- Ground the devices carefully to prevent electrical shock.
- All connectors are pin-coded and fit in only one position. Also note the arrows indicating the top side of the sensor.
- Only use fully functional equipment (ladders, aerial work platform, ...) when working above ground. Staff shall be capable of working at heights.
- Use caution when installing the devices on or around active roadways. Pay attention to moving traffic.
- Mount the devices carefully to prevent them from shifting or dropping.
- The devices must be mounted to a stiff and solid support. Vibration, oscillation or any kind of movement will reduce the sensor performance.
- Make sure that your installation methods are in accordance with local safety policy and procedures and company practices.

Technical service

Only use provided or approved equipment for operation.
Persons other than authorized and approved electrical technicians shall NOT attempt to connect this unit to a power supply, Traffic Management Interface Board and/or other controllers, as there is a risk of electrical shock by unsafe handling of the power source.
Do not attempt to service or repair this unit.
- No user-maintainable parts are contained within the device.
- To avoid electrical shock, do not remove or open the cover.
- Unauthorized opening will void all warranties.
- Smartmicro is not liable for any damages or harms caused by unauthorized attempts to open or repair the device.

Radiation

This product has been tested and found to comply with Part 15 Subpart C of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) or the European RED directive, or other national rules, depending on the country where it may be in use.
Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This device generates radio frequency energy.
There are strict limits on continuous emission power levels. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment.
- Human exposure to transmitted waves from this device is generally considered as safe.
- Nevertheless, it is considered good practice that humans are not subject to higher radiation levels than necessary.
- This device may interfere with other devices using the same frequency band.

**Operation**
Transmission of radio frequency waves starts after the sensor is powered up and stops when disconnecting it from power.

Using a JBOX or SRO does not influence sensor performance.

For testing purposes, the sensor may be laid on its face when it is powered up, given that the surface or connectors will not be damaged by doing so. Please note that this position is not intended for permanent use.

It is recommended that only one connection interface is used at a time.

Do not operate the device if the device itself or any cables are damaged.

The sensors may become hot during operation, so proper hand protection is recommended for maintenance work.
3 Sensor Data Sheet

Smartmicro offers a family of traffic Radar sensors called UMRR – Universal Medium Range Radar.

UMRR-11 is a High Definition multi-lane, multi-object tracking traffic Radar and features **4D/HD** capabilities for true-presence detection.

UMRR-11 is the replacement for UMRR-0A and UMRR-0F generations.

For each Radar generation, a number of different antennas are available - so the permanent fixed field of view and max. range can be selected by the customer.

This data sheet describes the UMRR-11 Type 44 antenna model (all model specific values are highlighted).

Type 44 Antenna aims at medium range with wide horizontal angular coverage.

Type 44 Antenna replaces Type 30 antenna and exceeds its properties.
3.1 Sensor Photograph

Figure 1: Traffic Sensor Type 44 - Front.

Figure 2: Traffic sensor Type 44 - Rear.
3.2 Function Description

The sensor is a robust 4D/HD 24GHz Radar for traffic management applications.

It works in adverse conditions, almost unaffected by weather, and independent of sunlight, in a wide temperature interval.

The customer can select from a number of antenna and housing models which determine the permanent fixed field of view and range. Type 44 Antenna aims at medium range with wide horizontal angular coverage.

One individual sensor measures range, radial speed, horizontal angle, vertical angle, reflectivity and other parameters of multiple stationary and moving reflectors (targets) simultaneously. The following detection principle is integrated:

4D/HD

4-dimensional Doppler based radial motion detection (> 0.1m/s), including:
  a) Direct Doppler measurement
  b) Direct Range measurement
  c) Direct Azimuth Angle measurement
  d) Direct Elevation Angle measurement

Reflectors having a radial speed component of typ. abs. >0.1m/s are detected.

Having multi target capability, the sensor may detect many reflectors at a time (128 or max. 256) (depending on configuration) being within the field of view. Depending on the selected communication interface, the number of reported targets may be limited. Targets are sorted by range and short range targets are reported first.

Additional filter algorithms are implemented for the tracking of all detected reflectors over time, those tracking algorithms are integrated in the sensor. Multiple objects (64 or max. 126) (depending on configuration) are tracked simultaneously. Depending on the selected communication interface, the number of reported objects may be limited, for example when using RS485 interface. Objects are sorted by range, short range objects are reported first.

The result of the tracking is an object list with the following parameters:
- x position
- y position
- absolute velocity
- heading angle
- other...
Hence the sensor reports such a list of all tracked objects inside its field of view in every measurement cycle of typ. 75ms or 58ms duration (depending on configuration).

The field of view typically covers up to six lanes.

The sensor is capable of detecting stationary objects.
Object Separation Performance
Measuring object co-ordinates of multiple objects simultaneously in 4D, i.e. range speed, azimuth and elevation angle, or x, y and speed vector, is state of the art.

However, what counts even more is the object separation capability where many vehicles are closely spaced, i.e. in multi-lane scenarios with dense traffic, like traffic jams, stop-and-go traffic and busy intersections

The sensor provides excellent target/object separation capabilities (4D/HD). Individual reflectors are separated in the detection algorithms by:
a) having a different radial speed value (difference > 0.3m/s) OR
b) having a different range value by 2m or 4.5m (depending on selected bandwidth)
   having a different range value by 6.5ft or 14.8ft (depending on selected bandwidth)

Tracking algorithms and data base further support the separation of objects.

UMRR-11 features 4D/HD technology. For each reflector, there is a true measurement of the 4 dimensions range, Doppler, horizontal and vertical angle.

UMRR-11 can now accomplish range gate specific detection of moving and even stationary vehicles. In each of these gates (HD) a separate Doppler detection is possible, including stationary detectors. Figure 3 explains the principle.
3.3 Application Characteristics

3.3.1 Intersection Management
At intersections, the sensor is typically used for combined stop bar and advance detection.

![Figure 4: Stop+Advance Detection Type 44 (High Power)](image)

The sensor is usually mounted at the corner of an intersection on a vertical pole. Other mounting positions (gantry, mast arm, luminaire) may be possible. The standard configuration for Type 44 sensor for intersection applications is shown in Figure 4 and its parameters are given in Table 1.
Table 1: Standard Configuration for Stop Bar + Advance Detection Type 44

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Direction</td>
<td>Typ. Approaching</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mounting Height</td>
<td>Typ. 6m (1...10m)(^I)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Typ. 20ft (3...33ft)(^II)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor Azimuth angle</td>
<td>Typ. -12° (-15 ...+15 deg.)(^II)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor Elevation angle</td>
<td>Typ. -4° (-9...0 deg.)(^III)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop Bar Distance</td>
<td>Typ. 30m (20m ... 50m)(^IV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Typ. 98ft (66 ... 164ft)(^IV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advance Detection Distance</td>
<td>Typ. 120m (50m ... 180m)(^IV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Typ. 394ft (164 ... 591ft)(^IV)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(^I\) May affect max. detection range. The best performance is typically achieved for mounting heights between 2-8m. Occlusion needs to be considered.

\(^II\) Smaller absolute angles allow longer detection range along a road.

\(^III\) Application specific. Gantry mount: steeper e. angle possible, with limitations of maximum range. Negative elevation angle means sensor pointing towards road.

\(^IV\) Outside the recommended range, vehicle drops are more likely.

Note: Do not use stop bar distances below 20m (at max. sensor elevation mounting angle - 9°).

Up to four sensors can usually be mounted at or around an intersection using separate configurable frequency channels, avoiding mutual interference.

The cycle time is set to 75ms.

Sensor Variants and Features

| UMRR-11 Stop Bar+ Advance        | • Stop bar detection (true presence detection) |
|                                  | • Lane specific Advance detection (exploiting the long range) |
|                                  | • Loop replacement (non-intrusive detection) |
|                                  | • Queue length measurement |
|                                  | • Custom trigger conditions (e.g. location, vehicle speed, classification) |
|                                  | • ETA measurement |
|                                  | • Speed measurement |
3.3.2 Arterial Management

On highways and country roads, the sensor is typically used to count and classify traffic. Usually are selected and reported in configurable counting /statistics intervals.

The sensor delivers the following data:
- Volume
- Occupancy
- Average Speed
- Vehicle Presence

The data can be retrieved in Push Mode
a) in low data volume as aggregated statistics output
b) as per vehicle record (PVR)

Because of the forward-looking principle, the sensor provides the significant higher speed accuracy / general speed based information, compared to other traffic counting equipment.
The sensor is usually mounted at the roadside on a vertical pole. No setback is required. Other mounting positions (gantry, mast arm, luminaire) may be possible. The **standard configuration** for Type 44 sensor for counting applications is shown in Figure 5 and its parameters are given in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Direction</td>
<td>Typ. Approaching &amp; Receding</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mounting Height</td>
<td>Typ. 6m (4...10m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Typ. 20ft (13...33ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor Azimuth angle</td>
<td>Typ. -12° (-15 ...+15 deg.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor Elevation angle</td>
<td>Typ. -4° (-9...0 deg.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counting Zone Extent (Approaching)</td>
<td>Typ. 20m-40m (20m ... 50m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Typ. 66ft-131ft (66 ... 164ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counting Zone Extent (Receding)</td>
<td>Typ. 80m-100m (50m ... 105m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Typ. 295ft (1 64.. 344ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Setback</td>
<td>Typ. 1m (0... 10m)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Typ. 3ft (0 ... 33ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counting Accuracy</td>
<td>Typ. &gt; 95%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classification Accuracy</td>
<td>Typ. &gt; 80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Classes</td>
<td>Usually the following 7 classes are supported: Pedestrian, Bicycle, Motorbike, Passenger Car, Transporter, Truck/Bus, Long Truck</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 May affect max. detection range. Occlusion needs to be considered.

2 Smaller absolute angles allow longer detection range along a road.

3 Application specific. Gantry mount: steeper el. angle possible, with limitations of maximum range. Negative elevation angle means sensor pointing towards road.

4 Outside the recommended range, vehicle drops are more likely.

5 Typical value when properly installed at suitable location. The counting and classification accuracy typically depends on the following main (and other) factors: mounting height, traffic density

Multiple (up to four) sensors may however be used in close vicinity using separate configurable frequency channels, avoiding mutual interference.

The cycle time is set to 75ms.

**Sensor Variants and Features**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UMRR-11 Forward+</th>
<th>• Counting and Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Wrong Way Detection (vehicle moving opposite to the defined direction of traffic)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Incident Detection supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Speed measurement</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3.3.3 Traffic Enforcement
The high speed and range accuracy of the UMRR sensor makes it very suitable for lane specific speed and red-light enforcement applications. According to the specification of the enforcement application, the sensor can be used either in approaching or in receding traffic mode.

Figure 6: 4 Lane Speed / Red Light Enforcement in Approaching Mode Type 44 (High Power)
The sensor is usually mounted at the roadside on a vertical pole. Other mounting positions (gantry, mast arm, luminaire) may be possible. The standard configuration for Type 44 sensor for speed enforcement applications is shown in Figure 6 and Figure 7. The parameters are given in Table 3.
Table 3: Standard Configuration for Traffic Enforcement Type 44

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Approaching Mode</th>
<th>Receding Mode</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Direction</td>
<td>Approaching</td>
<td>Receding</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mounting Height</td>
<td>Typ. 4m/6m (1...10m)\textsuperscript{I}</td>
<td>Typ. 4m (1...10m)\textsuperscript{I}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Typ. 13/20ft (3 ... 33ft)</td>
<td>Typ. 13ft (3 ... 33ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor Azimuth angle</td>
<td>Typ. -12° (-35 ...+35 deg.)\textsuperscript{II}</td>
<td>Typ. 12° (-35 ...+35 deg.)\textsuperscript{II}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensor Elevation angle</td>
<td>Typ. -6° (-9...0 deg.)\textsuperscript{II, III}</td>
<td>Typ. -6° (-9...0 deg.)\textsuperscript{II, III}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Photo Point Distance</td>
<td>Typ. 30m (20m ... 50m)\textsuperscript{IV}</td>
<td>Typ. 45m (20m ... 50m)\textsuperscript{IV}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Typ. 98ft (66 ... 164ft)\textsuperscript{IV}</td>
<td>Typ. 148ft (66 ... 164ft)\textsuperscript{IV}</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed accuracy</td>
<td>Typ.&lt; ±0.28 m/s or ±1% (bigger of)\textsuperscript{V}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Track initialization time</td>
<td>6...10 cycles typical</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Direction</td>
<td>Approaching, receding</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Simultaneous Object Tracking</td>
<td>64 objects\textsuperscript{VI}</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\textsuperscript{I} May affect max. detection range. Occlusion needs to be considered.
\textsuperscript{II} Smaller absolute angles allow longer detection range along a road.
\textsuperscript{III} Application specific. Gantry mount: steeper el. angle possible, with limitations of maximum range. Negative elevation angle means sensor pointing towards road.
\textsuperscript{IV} Typical value for Enforcement applications; use case specific restrictions may apply.
\textsuperscript{V} Measured on object having const. radial speed, at bore sight.
\textsuperscript{VI} Up to 126 objects by special firmware. Please contact smartmicro for more information.

The sensor is typically used standalone. Multiple sensors may however be used in close vicinity using separate configurable frequency channels, avoiding mutual interference.

The cycle time is set to 58ms.

Sensor Variants and Features

| UMRR-11 Type 44 Enforcement 4D/HD |  |
|-----------------------------------|  |
| • For Speed Enforcement           |  |
| • Short distance measurement for both directions possible |  |
| • Certified speed accuracy        |  |

| UMRR-11 Type 44 Enforcement RL 4D/HD |  |
|-------------------------------------|  |
| • For Red Light Enforcement        |  |
| • For combined Red Light & Speed Enforcement |  |
| • Short distance measurement for both directions possible |  |
| • High speed accuracy              |  |
### 3.4 General Performance Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sensor Performance</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. Range on Passenger Car</td>
<td>140(^{1}) (@20dBm) / 110(^{1}) (@12.7dBm)</td>
<td>m ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>459(^{1}) (@20dBm) / 361(^{1}) (@12.7dBm)</td>
<td>m ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. Range on Truck</td>
<td>180(^{1}) (@20dBm) / 180(^{1}) (@12.7dBm)</td>
<td>m ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>590(^{1}) (@20dBm) / 590(^{1}) (@12.7dBm)</td>
<td>m ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instrumented Range</td>
<td>219 (low bandw.) 170 (high bandw.) 719 / 558</td>
<td>m ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Range</td>
<td>2m (stopped), 1m (moving) 6ft (stopped), 3ft (moving)</td>
<td>m ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range accuracy</td>
<td>Typ. &lt; ±2.5% or &lt; ±0.25m (bigger of) Typ. &lt; ±2.5% or &lt; ±0.82ft (bigger of)</td>
<td>%, m %, ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radial Speed Interval</td>
<td>-88.8...+88.8 -320...+320</td>
<td>m/s km/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum abs. Radial Speed</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>m/s km/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Speed accuracy</td>
<td>Typ.&lt; ±0.28m/s or ±1% (bigger of) II Typ.&lt; ±1km/h or ±1% (bigger of) II</td>
<td>m/s km/h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Angle Interval (total field of view)</td>
<td>-12 ...+12 (El.); -50 ...+50 (Az.) III</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Angle Accuracy (horizontal)</td>
<td>&lt; 1(^{IV})</td>
<td>degree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Update time</td>
<td>&lt;75 or &lt;58ms dep. On mode</td>
<td>ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Environmental</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambient Temperature</td>
<td>-40 ... +85</td>
<td>degree C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shock</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>g rms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vibration</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>g rms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP</td>
<td>67(^{V})</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pressure / Transport altitude</td>
<td>0...10.000 0...32800</td>
<td>m ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mechanical</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>360</td>
<td>g oz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12.70</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimensions</td>
<td>See 3.6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Model No.</strong></td>
<td>11xxxx-2Cxxxx</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSP Board – Antenna Identification</td>
<td>11xxxx-2Cxxxx</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Housing Identification</td>
<td>050Bxx</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power Supply</td>
<td>8 ... 32(^{VI}) &lt;5(^{VII}) V DC W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequency Band</td>
<td>24.0...24.25</td>
<td>GHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bandwidth</td>
<td>&lt; 250</td>
<td>MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transmit Power (EIRP)</td>
<td>&lt;12.7 / &lt;20 depending on country</td>
<td>dBm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Interfaces

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Connectors</th>
<th>CAN V2.0b (passive)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RS485 full duplex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10/100 Ethernet</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Connector</strong></td>
<td>12 Pin plug Hirose LF10WBRB-12PD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CAN, Power, RS485, Eth.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Typical values; may vary to higher or lower values depending on clutter environment. All values given for bore sight. Please note that the Radar system – like any other sensor system – although being well optimized and providing excellent performance, will not achieve a 100% detection probability and will not achieve a false alarm rate equal to zero.


3. Total field of view is angle interval where reflectors can be detected; 3dB field of view is narrower.

4. Typical value; measured at target output level at bore sight, for a point reflector showing >23dB SNR. Error may increase towards larger angles. In addition to this angle error, angle may drift over temperature, typically -1deg to +1deg over specified operation temperature interval.

5. IP 67 only when connector or cap attached.

6. Measured at connector.

7. Power consumption at 20°C.

8. It is recommended to use an external surge protection for power, CAN, RS485, Ethernet and other interface ports.

### 3.4.1 Start-up time

After power up or reset, the sensor readings are within specified performance within <4s.

### 3.4.2 Self-Diagnose

The UMRR sensor cyclically reports a status message providing the following information:

- Sensor run time
- Sensor cycle time
- Sensor mode
- Diagnose information

The sensor features certain self-diagnose to allow limited fail-safe capabilities:
- Detection of sensor blindness
- Detection of rain
- Misalignment in roll- or pitch angle
- Detection and suppression of interference

Note that there is no completely fail-safe operation available.

### 3.4.3 Sensor Network

The sensor is typically used standalone. At intersections, typically up to four sensors are connected to one TMIB (interface board to intersection controllers, available as accessory) and can be operated interference-free.
3.4.4 Ethernet connection
The sensor supports UDP over Ethernet in a Local Area Network (LAN). Communication over low bandwidth environments or routed networks e.g. the world wide web is not supported.

Features:
1. Ethernet standards IPv4, ARP, IGMP, IP multicast and UDP
2. Supports DHCP
3. Smartmicro proprietary communication protocol "sms Transport" with:
   - IP/UDP Multicast based discovery protocol
   - Client ID based setup
   - Sensor data transmission

Figure 8: Standard Use Case - TMC, TMIB_2 or Customer System and UMRR in a Local Ethernet
3.4.5 Compliance and Certifications
The sensor model complies with the following EU directives:
- RED 2014/53/EU
- RoHS 2011/65/EU
- EC 1907/2006 REACH

Applied Standards:
- Spectrum Usage:
  o EN 300 440 V2.1.1
- EMC:
  o EN 301 489-1 V2.2.0
  o EN 301 489-3 V2.1.1
- Health and Safety:
  o EN 62311: 2008
  o EN 62368-1: 2014 + AC: 2015

With regard to operating conditions like temperature, vibration etc., this sensor model was tested and certified by independent test labs to comply with:

With regard to spectrum usage, this sensor model was tested and certified by independent test labs:
- EU RED directive (formally approved by test lab or notified body),
- FCC part 15.245 and 15.249 (formally approved by test lab or notified body),
- RSS-310 (formally approved by test lab or notified body),
- RSS-210 (formally approved by test lab or notified body).

This sensor model is also generally compliant with the following regional regulations (but may not be formally tested/approved):
- SRRC,
- KCC,
- MIIT,
- NCC.

Note: This statement of compliance means that the sensor device allows operation compliant to the listed standards. However, not all standards are certified through test labs and not for all countries formal frequency approval/registration is accomplished.

In certain countries or regions a customer-specific local frequency approval is reasonable. Smartmicro supports customers for this process.

For certain configurations of this sensor the accuracy of the speed (and other) measured values was tested and certified by the Swiss Federal Institute of Metrology METAS.
3.5 Sensor Description and Hardware ID

Every UMRR sensor housing is tagged with a type sticker containing the product description and the serial number. It also contains a mark which side of the sensor is top.

![Type sticker example](image)

Figure 9: Type sticker example

The individual sensors are referred to as UMRR-xxyyzz-aabbcc-ddeeff

- **xx** (DSP Board Generation xx)
- **yy** (DSP Board Derivative/Version yy)
- **zz** (DSP Board Revision zz)

- **aa** (RF Board (Antenna) aa)
- **bb** (RF Board Derivative/Version bb)
- **cc** (RF Board Revision cc)

- **dd** (Housing type dd)
- **ee** (Housing Version ee)
- **ff** (Housing Revision ff)

UMRR means Universal Medium Range Radar platform developed by Smartmicro.

The number in the top right corner is the unique serial number of the sensor. In addition to that the used DSP board and the RF board got their own unique serial numbers.

The (R) symbol designates that a CAN termination resistor is assembled in the sensor.
3.6 Sensor Dimensions

All values given in mm.

![Sensor Front side](image1)

*Figure 10: Sensor Front side.*

![Sensor Top, Left and Right Side](image2)

*Figure 11: Sensor Top, Left and Right Side.*
Figure 12: Sensor Rear Side.
3.7 Connector

The sensor connector is a 12-pin male (plug) circular bayonet type connector (water proof IP67, series LF10WBRB-12PD, manufacturer Hirose, Japan). A female counterpart (socket), e.g. LF10WBP-12S, has to be used to connect to the sensor. The pin numbering of the socket is shown in Figure the pin description is given in Table 3.

![Solder cup side of socket](view.png)

**Figure 13: View on solder cup side of socket (rear view of female counterpart to be connected to sensor)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin No.</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Wire Color (MEDI type #KU110C12J002)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Sensor Ethernet TX H</td>
<td>gray / red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sensor Ethernet TX L</td>
<td>red / blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Sensor RS485 RX L</td>
<td>pink</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Sensor RS485 RX H</td>
<td>gray</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Sensor RS485 TX L</td>
<td>brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Sensor RS485 TX H</td>
<td>white</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Sensor_GND</td>
<td>blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Sensor_Vcc</td>
<td>red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Sensor Ethernet RX L</td>
<td>black</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Sensor Ethernet RX H</td>
<td>purple</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>CAN H</td>
<td>green</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>CAN L</td>
<td>yellow</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Please note that in the standard configuration the sensor does have a 120 Ohms resistor on board (CAN bus termination between CAN L and CAN H). This resistor is required at either end of a CAN / RS485 bus.

For the RS485 data interface there is a 120 Ohms resistor on board of the sensor.

A number of cable sets for initial operation and test purposes are offered by Smartmicro, to deliver a fast set-up of a sensor system. Among those preconfigured ready-to-run cables as well as cable stumps (pig tail cables or various lengths) which carry the connector on one side and open wires on the other.
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